



General Description

The MAX9500/MAX9501 are fully integrated solutions for filtering and buffering HDTV signals. The MAX9500 operates from a single +5V supply, while the MAX9501 operates from dual ±5V supplies. The MAX9500/MAX9501 triple-channel video reconstruction filters are both gain and delay matched and are ideal for use in set-top boxes, DVD players, and other equipment that generate analog HDTV outputs.

The MAX9500/MAX9501 interface between the currentoutput, digital-to-analog converters (DAC) of an Advanced Television Standard Committee (ATSC), Motion Picture Experts Group (MPEG) decoder and the external connections of a television, set-top box, or DVD player.

The MAX9500/MAX9501 feature a DC-coupled input with very low input capacitance and high resistance. The highly selective lowpass filters remove spectral replicas at the output of the DAC. The output amplifier has +6dB of gain to drive 75Ω back-terminated loads to unity gain. The DC-coupled input eliminates problems such as sync crush, droop, and field tilt. The output load can be DC- or AC-coupled, depending on the application.

All three channels in the MAX9500/MAX9501 have the same frequency response with matched group delay and gain. The MAX9500/MAX9501 filter response meets the requirements of the EIA-770.3/SMPTE 274M filter template achieving > 40dB attenuation at 44.25MHz. The MAX9500/MAX9501 can also be used as an antialiasing filter for HDTV component inputs.

The MAX9500/MAX9501 are available in compact 16-pin QSOP packages and are fully specified over the -40°C to +85°C extended temperature range.

Applications

Cable and Satellite Set-Top Box Receivers

A/V Receivers

Home Theater Systems

HDTV Sets

DVD Players

Video Projectors

Digital Displays

Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet.

Features

- ♦ 30MHz Bandwidth at ±1.5dB
- ♦ Extremely Sharp Rolloff, Lowpass Filters -50dB at 44.25MHz
- ♦ DC-Coupled Inputs; AC- or DC-Coupled Outputs
- ♦ ±5V Dual Supply (MAX9501)
- ♦ 5V Single Supply (MAX9500)
- ♦ Matched Group Delay and Gain
- ♦ Drive Single/Double Back-Terminated Loads (150Ω/75Ω) Directly to Ground
- ♦ Sink and Source Output Current
- High Input Impedance to Interface to Low Output-Current DAC
- ♦ 16-Pin QSOP Package

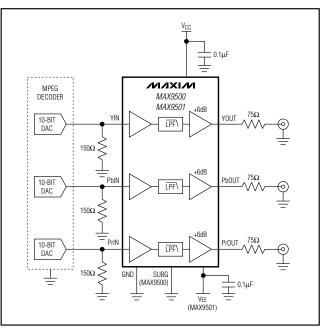
Ordering Information

PART	PIN- PACKAGE	SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)	PKG CODE	
MAX9500EEE+	16 QSOP	+5	E16-8F	
MAX9501EEE+	16 QSOP	±5	E16-8F	

+Denotes lead-free package.

Note: All devices are specified over the -40°C to +85°C operating temperature range.

Typical Operating Circuit



NIXIN

Maxim Integrated Products

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Positive Supply Voltage (V _{CC} to GND)	0.3V to +6V
Negative Supply Voltage (MAX9501)	
(VEE to GND)	+0.3V to -6V
All Input Pins	$0.3V$ to $(V_{CC} + 0.3V)$
All Output Pins (MAX9500)	0.3V to $(V_{CC} + 0.3V)$
All Output Pins (MAX9501)	(VEE - 0.3V) to +3V
Output Short-Circuit Duration	
(OUT to V _{CC} or GND) (MAX9500)	10s
Output Short-Circuit Duration	
(OUT to GND or V _{EE}) (MAX9501)	10s

Continuous Input Current (YIN, PbIN, PrIN)	±20mA
Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$)	
16-Pin QSOP (derate 12.8mW/°C above +70°C)1	025mW
Operating Temperature Range40°C to	+85°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to	+150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX9500 (Single Supply)

 $(V_{CC} = 5V, R_L = \infty, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$ (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DC CHARACTERISTICS		•					
Supply Voltage Range	Vcc	Guaranteed by PSRR		4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Quiescent Supply Current (Per Channel)	Icc				34	46	mA
Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	Guaranteed by voltag	e gain	0		1.4	V
			$R_L = 150\Omega$ to GND	+5.5	+6	+6.4	
Voltage Cain	Δ.,	V 0 to 1 4)/	$R_L = 150\Omega$ to 2V	+5.5	+6	+6.4	
Voltage Gain	Av	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ to } 1.4V$	$R_L = 75\Omega$ to GND	+5.5	+6	+6.4	dB
			$R_L = 75\Omega$ to 2V	+5.5	+6	+6.4	
Gain Matching	ΔAV	Any two channels		-0.5	0	+0.5	dB
Input Bias Current	ΙΒ	$V_{IN} = 0V$			4	10	μΑ
Input Resistance	R _{IN}	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ to } 1.4V$	V _{IN} = 0 to 1.4V		800		kΩ
Output Offset Voltage	Vos	$V_{IN} = 0V$		0.55	0.8	1.15	V
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{CC} = 4.5V \text{ to } 5.5V, V_{IN} = 1.4V$		30	60		dB
AC CHARACTERISTICS ($R_L = 1$	50Ω to GND, ι	inless otherwise noted)					
Passband Flatness	APB	$f = 0.1 MHz$ to $30 MHz$, $V_{IN} = 1 V_{P-P}$, $T_A = +25 ^{\circ} C$		±3.0	±1.5		dB
Attenuation	Λο-5	f = 44.25MHz, V _{IN} = 1V _{P-P} , T _A = +25°C		40	51		dB
Alteridation	Asb	f = 74.25MHz, V _{IN} = 1V _{P-P}			38		dB
Settling Time	ts	V _{IN} = 1V _{P-P} , V _{OUT} < 1%			150		ns
Slew Rate	SR	V _{IN} = 1V _{P-P}			100		V/µs
Bar Response	BR	Bar time is one-half the active line of a 1080i format signal; the beginning 2.5% and the ending 2.5% of the bar time is ignored			0.4		K%

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX9500 (Single Supply) (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = 5V, R_L = \infty, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$ (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN TYP MAX	UNITS
Nonlinearity	NL	5-step staircase	0.4	%
Channel Delay	t _D	Difference in time between the 50% point of the output signals, Y to Pb and Y to Pr	< 1	ns
Group Delay	GD	$100kHz \le f \le 20MHz$, $V_{YOUT} = V_{PbOUT} = V_{PrOUT} = 2V_{P-P}$	26	ns
Group-Delay Variation	ΔGD	$100kHz \le f \le 20MHz$, $V_{YOUT} = V_{PbOUT} = V_{PrOUT} = 2V_{P-P}$	< 10	ns
Channel-to-Channel Group-Delay Matching	∆GDcH-cH	$V_{YOUT} = V_{PbOUT} = V_{PrOUT} = 2V_{P-P}$, Y to Pb and Y to Pr, 1MHz \leq f \leq 20MHz	Y to Pb 0.2	
Peak Signal-to-RMS Noise	SNR	100kHz ≤ f ≤ 20MHz, V _{IN} = 1V _{P-P}	60	dB
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRRAC	$f = 100kHz$, $V_{RIPPLE} = 200mV_{P-P}$ 60		dB
Output Impedance	ZO	f = 30MHz 8		Ω
Input Capacitance	CIN	1		pF
Capacitive-Load Drive	CL	No sustained oscillations 25		pF

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX9501 (Dual Supply)

 $(V_{CC} = 5V, V_{EE} = -5V, R_L = \infty, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$ (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DC CHARACTERISTICS	DC CHARACTERISTICS						
Positive Supply Voltage Range	Vcc	Guaranteed by PSRR		4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Negative Supply Voltage Range	VEE	Guaranteed by PSRR		-5.5	-5.0	-4.5	V
V _{CC} Quiescent Supply Current (Per Channel)	Icc				35	48	mA
VEE Supply Current (Per Channel)	IEE				6	9	mA
Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	Guaranteed by voltage	gain	0		1.4	V
Nothern Color	Δ.,	V _{IN} = 0 to 1.4V	$R_L = 150\Omega$ to GND	+5.5	+6	+6.4	dB
Voltage Gain	Av	$R_L = 75\Omega$ to GND	$R_L = 75\Omega$ to GND	+5.5	+6	+6.4	иь
Gain Matching	ΔΑγ	Any two channels		-0.5	0	+0.5	dB
Input Bias Current	lΒ	$V_{IN} = 0V$			4	10	μΑ
Input Resistance	R _{IN}	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ to } 1.4V$		250	800		kΩ
Output Offset Voltage	Vos	V _{IN} = 0V		-0.3	0	+0.35	V
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	V _{CC} = 4.5V to 5.5V, V _{IN} = 1.4V, V _{EE} = -4.5V to -5.5V		40	60		dB

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX9501 (Dual Supply) (continued)

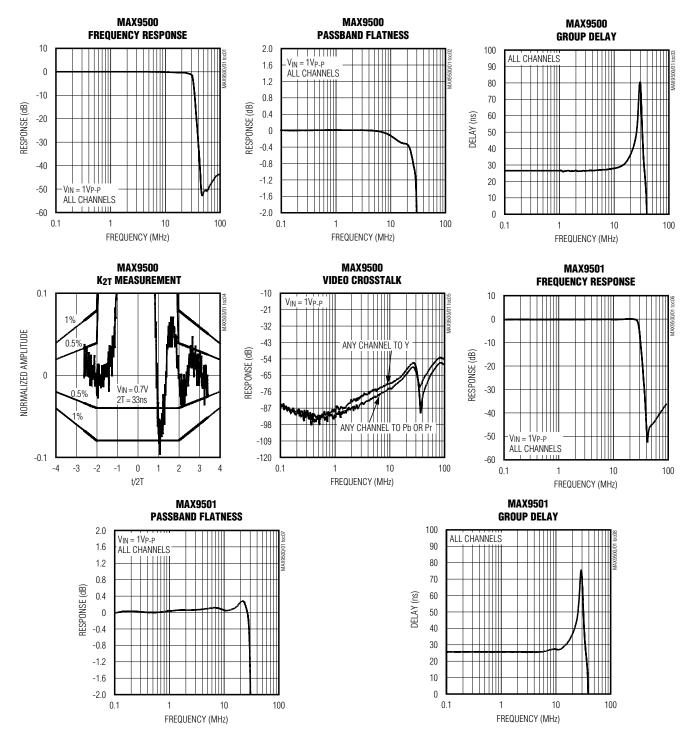
 $(V_{CC} = 5V, V_{EE} = -5V, R_L = \infty, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$ (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
AC CHARACTERISTICS ($R_L = 150\Omega$ to GND, unless otherwise noted)						
Passband Flatness	Арв	$f = 0.1MHz$ to 30MHz, $V_{IN} = 1V_{P-P}$, $t= +25^{\circ}C$ $t= 4.0$ $t= 1.5$			dB	
Attenuation	٨٥٥	f = 44.25MHz, V _{IN} = 1V _{P-P} , T _A = +25°C		45		dB
Atteriuation	A _{SB}	f = 74.25MHz, V _{IN} = 1V _{P-P}	38		dB	
Settling Time	ts	V _{IN} = 1V _{P-P} , V _{OUT} < 1%		150		ns
Slew Rate	SR	$V_{IN} = 1V_{P-P}$		100		V/µs
Bar Response	BR	Bar time is one-half the active line of a 1080i format signal; the beginning 2.5% and the ending 2.5% of the bar time is ignored	0.4		K%	
Nonlinearity	NL	5-step staircase		0.4		%
Channel Delay	t _D	Difference in time between the 50% point of the output signals, Y to Pb and Y to Pr	< 1		ns	
Group Delay	GD	$100kHz \le f \le 20MHz$, $V_{YOUT} = V_{PbOUT} = V_{PrOUT} = 2V_{P-P}$	25		ns	
Group-Delay Variation	ΔGD	$100kHz \le f \le 20MHz$, $V_{YOUT} = V_{PbOUT} = V_{PrOUT} = 2V_{P-P}$	< 10		ns	
Channel-to-Channel Group-Delay Matching	ΔGD _{CH} -CH	$V_{YOUT} = V_{PbOUT} = V_{PrOUT} = 2V_{P-P}$, Y to Pb and Y to Pr, 1MHz \leq f \leq 20MHz	0.6		ns	
Peak Signal-to-RMS Noise	SNR	100kHz ≤ f ≤ 20MHz, V _{IN} = 1V _{P-P}	$z \le f \le 20MHz$, $V_{IN} = 1V_{P-P}$ 60		dB	
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRRAC	f = 100kHz, V _{RIPPLE} = 200mV _{P-P} 60			dB	
Output Impedance	ZO	f = 30MHz 8			Ω	
Input Capacitance	CIN	1			рF	
Capacitive-Load Drive	CL	No sustained oscillations	_	25		рF

Note 1: All specifications are 100% tested at $T_A = +25$ °C; temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

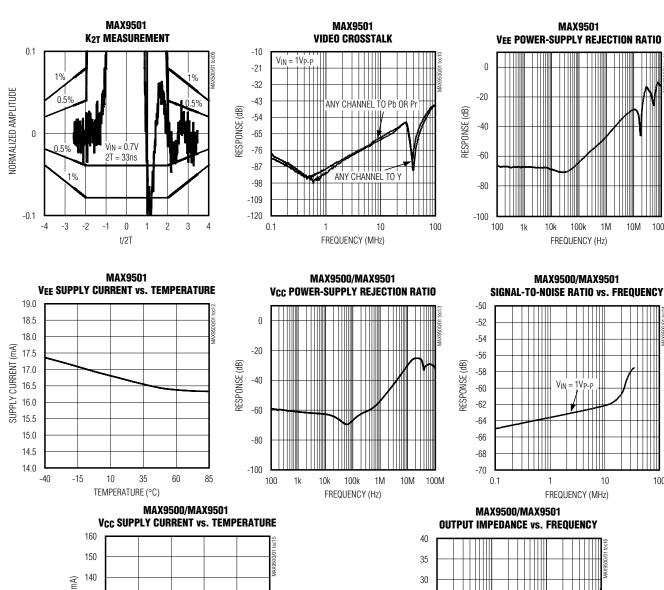
Typical Operating Characteristics

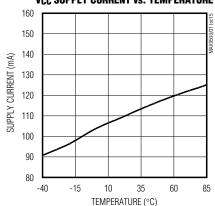
(V_{CC} = 5V, R_L = 150 Ω to GND, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

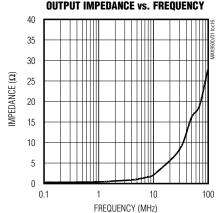


Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = 5V, R_L = 150\Omega \text{ to GND}, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$







100M

Pin Description

Р	IN	NAME	FUNCTION			
MAX9500	MAX9501	NAME	FUNCTION			
1, 7, 8, 9, 16	_	SUBG	Substrate Ground. Connect to ground.			
2	2	YIN	Y Channel Input			
3, 5	3, 5	GND	Ground			
4	4	PbIN	Pb Channel Input			
6	6	PrIN	Pr Channel Input			
10	10	PrOUT	Pr Channel Output			
11, 13, 15	11, 13, 15	Vcc	Positive Supply			
12	12	PbOUT	Pb Channel Output			
14	14	YOUT Y Channel Output				
_	1, 7, 8, 9, 16	VEE	Negative Supply			

Detailed Description

The MAX9500/MAX9501 are fully integrated solutions for filtering and buffering HDTV signals. The MAX9500 operates from a single +5V supply, while the MAX9501 operates from dual $\pm5V$ supplies. The MAX9501 operates from dual $\pm5V$ supplies. The MAX9500/MAX9501 interface between the current-output DACs of an ATSC, MPEG decoder, and the external connections of a television, set-top box, or DVD player. The MAX9500/MAX9501 feature a DC-coupled input buffer with very low input capacitance, highly selective low-pass filters to remove out-of-band noise, and a gain of +6dB in the output amplifier to drive 75Ω back-terminated loads to unity gain. The DC-coupled input buffer eliminates sync crush, droop, and field tilt. The output load can be DC- or AC-coupled.

Filter

The MAX9500/MAX9501 reconstruction filters feature a 6th-order elliptical response, providing a 1.5dB flat passband response up to 30MHz. The filter meets the selectivity requirements of the EIA-770.3/SMPTE 274M filtering template, achieving > 40dB attenuation at 44.25MHz. The MAX9500/MAX9501 can also be used as anti-aliasing filters for HDTV component inputs.

Output Buffer

The MAX9500/MAX9501 output buffers provide +6dB of gain and can drive 2VP-P into a single or double back-terminated load (150 Ω or 75 Ω , respectively) directly to ground. The output can be AC-coupled or DC-coupled.

Applications Information

Input Considerations

The MAX9500/MAX9501 inputs are normally DC-coupled. No AC-coupling capacitors are required because the input voltage range includes ground and extends up to 1.4V, allowing the MAX9500/MAX9501 to be directly connected to the output of a single-supply, current-output DAC without any external bias network.

The MAX9500/MAX9501 inputs can be AC-coupled. Use a fixed bias or video clamp to set the DC bias to ensure that the negative peak of the video signal is as near to 0V as possible. A video clamp is preferred because it limits the total swing of the signal and holds the blanking level constant.

Output Considerations

The MAX9500/MAX9501 outputs are normally DC-coupled, so no AC-coupling capacitors are required. For 0V input, the MAX9500 output voltage is 0.8V and the MAX9501 output voltage is 0V, typical. Connect the MAX9500/MAX9501 directly to a video cable with a 75Ω series back-termination resistor to match the impedance of the cable. Properly terminate the other end of the cable with a 75Ω load. The MAX9500/MAX9501 outputs can sink and source current allowing the device to be AC-coupled. However, AC-coupling the outputs will degrade the tilt.

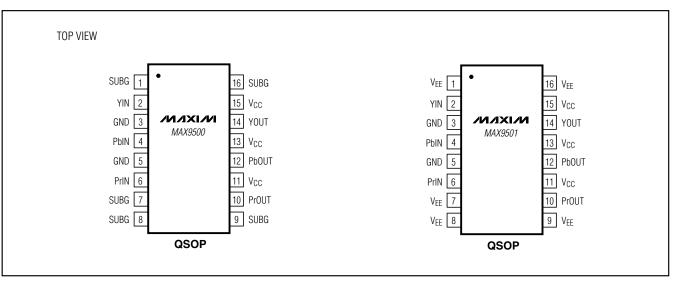
Power-Supply Bypassing and Layout Considerations

The MAX9500 operates from a single +5V supply while the MAX9501 operates from dual ±5V supplies. Bypass VCC and VEE (MAX9501) to GND with a 0.1µF capacitor as close to the device as possible, and an additional 1µF capacitor in parallel if any significant low-frequency disturbances are present in the vicinity of the MAX9500/MAX9501. Use an extensive ground plane to ensure optimum performance.

The input and output termination resistors should be placed as close to the device as possible to avoid performance degradation in the frequency response.

The PC board traces at the output should have 75Ω characteristic impedance when matching into a 75Ω characteristic impedance cable. Keep the board trace at the inputs and outputs of the MAX9500/MAX9501 as short as possible to minimize the parasitic stray capacitance and noise pickup.

Pin Configurations

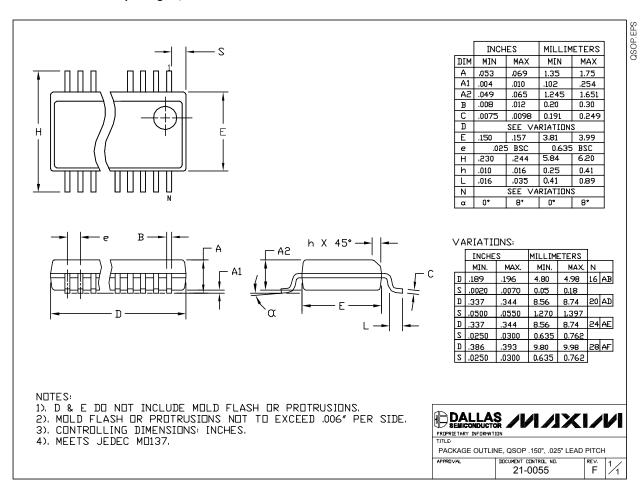


_____Chip Information

PROCESS: Bipolar

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)



_Revision History

Pages changed at Rev 4: 1, 2, 3, 9

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